# **PAPER TITLE** (use style: PAPER TITLE)

First Author<sup>1</sup>, Second Author<sup>2</sup>, Corresponding author<sup>3</sup>\* (use style: unabbreviated first name, middle name initials, last name e.g. John A K Smith<sup>1</sup>, Edward Jones<sup>2</sup>)

<sup>1</sup>First Affiliation name of department and organisation, City, Country
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## **Abstract**

The abstract should be suitable for direct inclusion in abstracting services as a self-contained article. The length of the abstract should not exceed 200 words. Do not include figure numbers, table numbers, references or displayed mathematical expressions.

#### 1 Introduction

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For multiple-authored articles, list the full names of all the authors, using identifiers to link an author with an affiliation where necessary (e.g. John A K Smith<sup>1</sup>, Edward Jones<sup>2</sup>).

The full affiliations of all authors should be listed underneath the author affiliations. Affiliations should include: the department name; the name of the university or company; the name of the city; and the name of the country (e.g. <sup>1</sup>Department of Electrical Engineering, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia).

If an author's present address is different from the address at which the work was carried out, this should be given as a secondary affiliation (see affiliation <sup>4</sup> (above)).

1.1.3 Language, Spelling and Grammar: all papers must be written in UK English. Papers that fail to meet basic standards

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Page numbers shall be placed in the 'page footers' on all pages. No other information is to be placed in the footer.

- 1.1.7 Text Font: standardised fonts such as Times, Times Roman, Times New Roman or Symbol are to be used with a font size no smaller than 10pt.
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The first level section headings should be in bold font, 12pt (e.g. "1 Introduction"), with the paragraph starting on a new line.

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The second level section headings should be in italic font 10pt (i.e. "2.3 Section Headings"). The paragraph should start on a new line.

Third Level Headings: the third level section headings should also be in italic font but should end with a colon (:). The text for that section should run on and not start as a new paragraph.

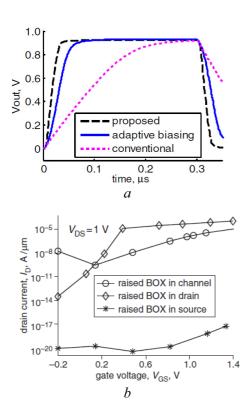
# 2 Methodology

Enter methodology section here.

# 3 Results

## 3.1 Figures

Graphics may be full colour but make sure that they are appropriate for print (black and white) and online (colour) publication. Coloured line graphs should use dotted or dashed lines, or shapes to distinguish them apart in print. Examples of graphs in acceptable formats are given in Fig 1. Each figure should be explicitly referred to in numerical order and should be embedded within the text at the appropriate point. A maximum of four subfigures are allowed per figure.



3.1.1 Figure Captions: two examples of figure captions in an acceptable format for Fig 1. are given below:

Fig. 1 (a) Sample graph with pink (dotted), blue (solid) and black (dashed) lines, (b) Sample graph with black (diamond),

black (triangle) and black (square) markers.

or

Figure 1 Sample graph

- (a) Subfigure 1
- (b) Subfigure 2

Figure captions must be below the figure, in 10pt font and should ideally consist of one sentence. If a figure has subfigures, all subfigures should also have a caption and should be identified by letters, e.g. (a), (b), (c), (d) as shown above.

#### 3.2 Tables

Tables should be formatted as shown in the example below with no column lines, unless these are essential for clarifying the content of the table. Row lines can be used to distinguish the column headings from the content of the table.

Table 1 Example table

Column heading	Column heading	Column heading
	two	three
Row 1	Row 1	Row 1
Row 2	Row 2	Row 2

3.2.1 Table Captions: tables must be numbered and cited within the text in strict numerical order. Table captions must be above the table and in 10 pt font.

# 3.3 Mathematical equations

- Equations should fit into a two-column print format and be single spaced.
- When writing mathematics, avoid confusion between characters that could be mistaken for one another, e.g. the letter '1' and the number one.
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- A multiplication symbol should be used, not a dot.
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#### 3.4 Units

- Use SI (MKS) units only and avoid spelling the unit in full instead of using the shortened notation e.g. use kJ not kilo Joules.
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- Place a zero before decimal points: "0.10" do not put ".10".

#### 4 Conclusion

Submissions should always include the following sections: an abstract; an introduction; a conclusion and a references section. If any of the above sections are not included the paper may be asked to add the relevant section or be rejected.

# 5 Acknowledgements

Acknowledgements should be placed after the conclusion and before the references section. Details of grants, financial aid and other special assistance should be noted.

## 6 References

#### 6.1 Referencing Style

You should number your references sequentially throughout the text, and each reference should be individually numbered and enclosed in square brackets (e.g. [1]).

If the number of authors on a reference is greater than three list the first three authors followed by et al.

Ensure that all references in the Reference list are cited in the text and vice versa. Failure to do so may cause delays in the publishing of your paper, should it be accepted.

Ensure that you provide as much information as possible to allow the reader to locate the article concerned. This is particularly important for articles appearing in conferences, workshops and books that may not appear in journal databases.

Do not include references for papers that have been submitted and not accepted for publication. Papers that have been accepted for publication are allowed as long as all information is provided.

Provide all author name(s) and initials, title of the paper, date published, title of the journal or book, volume number, editors (if any), and finally the page range. For books and conferences, the town of publication and publisher (in parentheses) should also be given.

# **Example References**

## 6.2 Referencing Examples

## Journal articles

- [5] Smith, T., Jones, M.: 'The title of the paper', IET Syst. Biol., 2007, 1, (2), pp. 1–7
- [6] Borwn, L., Thomas, H., James, C., et al.: 'The title of the paper', IET Communications, 2012, 6, (5), pp 125–138

# **Conference Paper**

[7] Jones, L., Brown, D.: 'The title of the conference paper'. Proc. Int. Conf. Systems Biology, Stockholm, Sweden, May 2006, pp. 1–7

#### Book, book chapter and manual

- [8] Hodges, A., Smith, N.: 'The title of the book chapter', in Brown, S. (Ed.): 'Handbook of Systems Biology' (IEE Press, 2004, 1st edn.), pp. 1–7
- [9] Harrison, E.A., and Abbott, C.: 'The title of the book' (XYZ Press, 2005, 2nd edn. 2006)

#### **Patent**

[10] Brown, F.: 'The title of the patent (if available)'. British Patent 123456, July 2004

## Report

- [11] IET., 'Report Title' (Publisher, 2013), pp. 1–5
- [12] Smith, D., Hodges, J.: British Patent Application 98765, 1925

#### Standard

[13] BS1234: 'The title of the standard', 2006

#### **Thesis**

[14] Abbott, N.L.: 'The title of the thesis'. PhD thesis, XYZ University, 2005

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